



The NIH Public Access Policy

April 21, 2009





The NIH Public Access Policy Is Mandatory

- The Policy implements Division G, Title II, Section 218 of PL 110-161 (Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008) which states:

The Director of the National Institutes of Health shall require that all investigators funded by the NIH submit or have submitted for them to the National Library of Medicine's PubMed Central an electronic version of their final, peer-reviewed manuscripts upon acceptance for publication, to be made publicly available no later than 12 months after the official date of publication: Provided, That the NIH shall implement the public access policy in a manner consistent with copyright law.

- NIH Guide Notice NOT-OD-08-033
<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-08-033.html>
- NIH Guide Notice NOT-OD-09-071 announces the policy is permanent, per the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2009
<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-09-071.html>





Implications of a Successful NIH Public Access Policy

Easy access to published research funded by NIH will help advance science and improve human health.

- Meets the public's expectation that articles based on NIH-funded research are publicly available¹.
- NIH can monitor, mine, and develop its portfolio of taxpayer funded research more effectively.
- NIH-funded research becomes more prominent, integrated and accessible, making it easier for all scientists to pursue NIH's research priority areas competitively.

1. Harris Poll (2006) Most Americans back online access to federally funded research. Wall Street J Online Retrieved on July 20, 2006, from http://online.wsj.com/article_email/SB114893698047965609-IMyQjAxMDE2NDM4MTkzMzE2Wj.html.





Definitions

- **PubMed Central (PMC):** PubMed Central (PMC) is the NIH digital archive of full-text, peer-reviewed journal papers. These papers are indexed with a PMCID, a series of numbers preceded by 'PMC'. PMC content is publicly accessible and integrated with other databases (see: <http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov/>).
- **PubMed:** PubMed provides access to citations from biomedical literature. It includes over 17 million citations from MEDLINE and other life science journals for biomedical articles back to the 1950s, along with links to full text articles and other scientific resources. These citations are indexed with a PMID, a series of numbers.
- **Final peer-reviewed manuscript:** The author's final manuscript of a peer-reviewed paper accepted for journal publication, including all modifications from the peer review process.
- **Final published article:** The journal's authoritative copy of the paper, including all modifications from the publishing peer review process, copyediting and stylistic edits, and formatting changes.





The NIH Public Access Policy Applies to Any Final Manuscript That...

- Is peer-reviewed;
- And, is accepted for publication in a journal on or after April 7, 2008;
- And, arises from:
 - Any direct funding from an NIH grant or cooperative agreement active in Fiscal Year 2008 or beyond, or;
 - Any direct funding from an NIH contract signed on or after April 7, 2008, or;
 - Any direct funding from the NIH Intramural Program, or;
 - An NIH employee.





How Awardees Comply

- **Address Copyright**
 - Institutions and investigators are responsible for ensuring full compliance with the Public Access Policy (e.g., that any publishing or copyright agreements are consistent with submitting to PMC).
- **Deposit Paper Upon Acceptance for Publication**
 - **Method A:** Publish in a [journal](#) that deposits *all* NIH-funded final published articles in PMC without author involvement.
 - **Method B:** Make arrangements to have a [publisher](#) deposit a *specific* final published article in [PMC](#).
 - **Method C:** Deposit the final peer-reviewed manuscript in [PMC](#) yourself via the [NIHMS](#).
 - **Method D:** Complete the submission process for a final peer-reviewed manuscript that the publisher has deposited via the [NIHMS](#).
- **Cite Article**
 - **Include the PMC number (PMCID)** for applicable papers in applications, proposals and reports, as described at http://publicaccess.nih.gov/citation_methods.htm.





Address Copyright

Before an author signs a publication agreement or similar copyright transfer agreement, make sure that the agreement allows the final peer-reviewed manuscript to be submitted to NIH in accordance with the Public Access Policy.

Points to consider

- What submission method will be used?
- What version of the paper will be made available on PMC?
- Who will submit the paper?
- When will it be submitted?
- Who will approve the submission?
- When can the paper be made public on PMC?





How to Submit Manuscripts

- **Authors may use whichever method is most appropriate for them and consistent with their publishing agreement.**
 - **Method A:** Publish in a [journal](#) that deposits *all* NIH-funded final published articles in PMC without author involvement.
 - **Method B:** Make arrangements to have a [publisher](#) deposit a *specific* final published article in [PMC](#).
 - **Method C:** Deposit the final peer-reviewed manuscript in [PMC](#) yourself via the [NIHMS](#).
 - **Method D:** Complete the submission process for a final peer-reviewed manuscript that the publisher has deposited via the [NIHMS](#).

Details: http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit_process.htm





Submitting Manuscripts Via NIHMS- Method C

1. Deposit Manuscript Files and Link to NIH Funding
 - Can be done by author, publishers, or someone in the author's organization.
 - NIHMSD created and sent to the submitter.
2. Authors give permission to NIH to Process the Manuscript
 - Authors confirm copyright or permission, and specify delay period
 - The NIHMS will contact the author if necessary.

Tasks 1 and 2 can be done at the same time, and usually take less than 10 minutes to complete.

3. Authors approve the PMC-formatted Manuscript for Public Display
 - Can only be done by an author.

Once submission is complete, the NIHMS emails the author and all PIs the citation with the PMCID





Submitting Manuscripts Via NIHMS- Method D

1. Publishers start the deposit process
 - Publishers pick the files, designate the delay period, and identify the corresponding author.
2. The NIHMS contacts the corresponding author
 - Author receives the NIHMSID, identifies NIH awards.
3. Authors approve the PMC-formatted Manuscript for Public Display

Once submission is complete, the NIHMS emails the author and all PIs the citation with the PMCID

Institutions and investigators are responsible for ensuring submission





Cite Articles Using PMC Numbers (PMCID)

- **Cite Paper**

- When citing a paper in NIH applications, proposals, and progress reports, include the PMCID at the end of the full citation.
- This requirement only applies to papers that fall under the Policy and are authored or co-authored by you or arose from your NIH award.
- For more information see http://publicaccess.nih.gov/citation_methods.htm.

Example

Varmus H, Klausner R, Zerhouni E, Acharya T, Daar A, Singer P. 2003. PUBLIC HEALTH: Grand Challenges in Global Health. Science 302(5644): 398–399. **PMCID: PMC243493**





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1: [Science](#). 2003 Oct 17;302(5644):398-9. **Science** MAAS **FREE** **FREE full text article in PubMed Central** [Links](#)

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[Science](#). 2004 Jan 9;303(5655):168-9.
[Science](#). 2004 Jan 9;303(5655):169.
[Science](#). 2004 Mar 19;303(5665):1769-71.

Public health. Grand Challenges in Global Health.

[Varmus H](#), [Klausner R](#), [Zerhouni E](#), [Acharya T](#), [Daar AS](#), [Singer PA](#).

Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY 10021, USA.

This week an international panel announces a list of 14 Grand Challenges in Global Health, and scientists throughout the world will be invited to submit grant proposals to pursue them with funds provided by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. We describe the characteristics of these challenges and the process by which they were formulated and selected after receiving over 1000 responses to a "call for ideas" from the scientific community.

PMID: 14563993 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE] PMCID: PMC243493

Related Links

- ▶ Global health. Bill Gates plans a hit list, with NIH's help. [Science. 2003]
- ▶ The grand challenges of the Gates Foundation: what impact on global child health? [J R Soc Med. 2006]
- ▶ Public health. Gates Foundation picks winners in Grand Challenges in Global Health. [Science. 2005]
- ▶ Global health and the scientific research agenda. [Philos Public Aff. 2004]
- ▶ A conversation with the leaders of the Gates Foundation's Global Health Program: Gordon Perkin and WM [Lancet. 2000]

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All: 1 Review: 0

1: [Am J Pathol](#). 2007 Sep; 171(3):928-37. Epub 2007 Aug 9. [Full Text](#) [Links](#)

Neutrophil elastase converts human immature dendritic cells into transforming growth factor-beta1-secreting cells and reduces allostimulatory ability.

[Maffia PC](#), [Zittermann SE](#), [Scimone ML](#), [Tateosian N](#), [Amiano N](#), [Guerrieri D](#), [Lutzky V](#), [Rosso D](#), [Romeo HE](#), [Garcia VE](#), [Issekutz AC](#), [Chuluyan HE](#).

Lanaes de la Facultad de Medicina, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Avenida Córdoba 2351, C.P. 1120, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

During microbial infection, neutrophils (polymorphonuclear leukocytes; PMNs) activate dendritic cells (DCs). However, early reports illustrated that neutrophil-derived mediators may suppress responses to mitogens. In the present study, we investigated the mechanism used by PMNs to modulate the immunostimulatory ability of DCs. Autologous syngeneic PMNs decreased T-cell proliferation induced by allogeneic DCs. Culture supernatant (CS) derived from PMNs also decreased allostimulation ability of immature DCs and increased the expression of transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta1 on DCs. A TGF-beta1 monoclonal antibody, a CD40 monoclonal antibody, or a serine protease inhibitor reversed the effect of PMN CS on DC allostimulatory ability. Furthermore, elastase reproduced the inhibitory effect of PMN CS on DC allostimulatory ability and the TGF-beta1 production. The role of elastase was confirmed by examining PMN CS from two patients with cyclic neutropenia, a disease due to mutations in the neutrophil elastase gene. These PMN CS samples had reduced elastase activity and were unable to increase DC TGF-beta1 production. Moreover, elastase and PMN CS induced IkappaBalpha degradation in DCs. We conclude that PMNs decrease DC allostimulatory ability via production of elastase leading to a switch of immature DCs into TGF-beta1-secreting cells.

PMID: 17690184 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE] **PMCID: PMC1959482 [Available after 03/01/08]**

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Related Links

- ▶ Retroviral delivery of transforming growth factor-beta1 to myeloid dendritic cells: inhibition of T-cell priming ability ar [Transplantation. 2002]
- ▶ Cytokine production by mouse myeloid dendritic cells in relation to differentiation and terminal maturation induced by lipopolys [Blood. 2001]
- ▶ Transforming growth factor-beta1 immobilises dendritic cells within skin tumours and facilitates tumour esca [Cancer Immunol Immunother. 2005]
- ▶ Neutrophil granulocyte-committed cells can be driven to acquire dendritic cell characteristics. [J Exp Med. 1998]
- ▶ In vitro treatment of human transforming growth factor-beta1-treated monocyte-derived dendritic cells with haptens can ir [Immunology. 2000]

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<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/pmctopmid>





How to Cite When the PMCID Is Not Ready...

- For Method A and B Journals, use “**PMC Journal - In Process**”.
 - Example: Sala-Torra O, Gundacker HM, Stirewalt DL, Ladne PA, Pogosova-Agadjanyan EL, Slovak ML, Willman CL, Heimfeld S, Boldt DH, Radich JP. Connective tissue growth factor (CTGF) expression and outcome in adult patients with acute lymphoblastic leukemia. *Blood*. 2007 April 1; 109(7): 3080–3083. PMCID: PMC Journal - In Process
- For Method C and D Journals, use the **NIHMSID**.
 - Example: Cerrato A, Parisi M, Santa Anna S, Missirlis F, Guru S, Agarwal S, Sturgill D, Talbot T, Spiegel A, Collins F, Chandrasekharappa S, Marx S, Oliver B. Genetic interactions between *Drosophila melanogaster* menin and Jun/Fos. *Dev Biol*. 2006 Oct 1; 298(1): 59-70. NIHMSID: NIHMS44135
- **PMCID**s are assigned around the time of publication.
Please use the PMCID once it is assigned





- About the Public Access Policy:
 - <http://publicaccess.nih.gov/>
 - NIH Guide Notice for Public Access (January 2008):
<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-08-033.html>
 - New Guide Notice for Grantee Compliance (September 2008):
<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-08-119.html>
 - **Questions:** PublicAccess@NIH.GOV
- The NIH Manuscript Submission System
 - <http://www.nihms.nih.gov/>
 - Tutorials: <http://www.nihms.nih.gov/web-help/>
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 - <http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov/>
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 - Information for Publishers:
<http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov/about/pubinfo.html>





Part I

eSNAP, eRA Commons, and the NIH Public Access Policy

Part II

Reference on Application Instructions





Part I - Including Citations in Progress Reports

- You can submit some progress reports electronically through eRA Commons
 - Streamlined Non-competing Award Process (SNAP) eligible progress reports (Type 5)
- Other eRA Commons services for PIs
 - Personal Profile, Publications section
 - eSNAP, Upload Science





PI's Commons Profile - Publications

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Public Access reminders/notes.

List of Publications ?

The [NIH Public Access Policy](#) requires scientists to submit, upon acceptance for publication, final peer reviewed manuscripts that arise from NIH support to the digital archive PubMed Central (PMC). Please see the Policy website for more information.

Articles published in the Journals identified at this site, http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit_process_journals.htm, are submitted directly to PMC by the publisher without author involvement. Articles not published in these Journals must be submitted to PMC by the investigator (or delegate or publisher), through the [NIH Manuscript Submission \(NIHMS\)](#) system. Articles indicating "View Pub Article" and/or "View MS" in the Action column below have already been submitted to PMC.

Connects to NIHMS using Commons login information.

If you wish to upload additional manuscripts to NIHMS, go to <https://commons.era.nih.gov/commons/publicaccess/login.jsp> to automatically login to the system with your eRA Commons Username and Password.

You can manually enter additional publications at any time by clicking "Add New Publication." These additions will only be added to your profile.

Manual entries can be Edited or Deleted.

Publications 31 - 37 out of 37 records [Prev](#) [1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [Next](#)

Citation Source	Citation ID	Citation Text	Action
PD/PI Entered	PMCID17901416	Papaiahgari, S., Yerrapureddy, A., Reddy, S.R., Reddy, N.R., Dodd, J.M., Crow, M.T., Grigoryev, D.N., Barnes, K., Tuder, R.M., Yamamoto, M., Kensler, T.W., Biswal, S., Mitzner, W., Hassoun, P.M., and Reddy, S.P. (2007) Genetic and pharmacological evidence links oxidative stress to ventilator-induced lung injury in mice. <i>Amer. J. Respiratory Crit. Care Med.</i> 176: 1222-1235.	Edit Delete
PD/PI Entered	PMCID18164232	Osburn, W.O. and Kensler, T.W. (2007) Keap1-Nrf2: an adaptive response pathway for protection against environmental toxic insults. <i>Mutation Res.</i> , in press.	Edit Delete
PD/PI Entered	PMCID18287083	Pearson, K.J., Lewis, K.N., Price, N.L., Chang, J.W., Perez, E., Cascajo, M.V., Tamashiro, K.L., Poosala, S., Bell, J.B., Kensler, T.W., Yamamoto, M., Egan, J.M., Longo, D.L., Ingram, D.K., Navas, P. and de Cabo, R. (2008) Nrf2 mediates cancer protection but not longevity by caloric restriction. <i>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci, USA</i> 105: 2325-2330.	Edit Delete
PD/PI Entered	PMCID18542053	Reddy, N.M., Kleeberger, S.R., Bream, J.H., Fallon, P.G., Kensler, T.W., Yamamoto, M., and Reddy, S.P. (2008) Genetic disruption of Nrf2 compromises cell-cycle progression by impairing GSH-induced redox signaling. <i>Oncogene</i> , in press.	Edit Delete
NIHMS	47051	William O. Osburn, Melinda S. Yates, Patrick D. Dolan, Karen T. Liby, Michael B. Sporn, Keiko Taguchi, Masayuki Yamamoto, Thomas W. Kensler; Genetic or pharmacologic amplification of nrf2 signaling inhibits acute inflammatory liver injury in mice.; <i>Toxicological sciences : an official journal of the Society of Toxicology</i> ;	View in NIHMS
NIHMS	63280	Role of dietary supplements/nutraceuticals in chemoprevention through induction of cytoprotective enzymes.; <i>Chemical research in toxicology</i> ;	View in NIHMS
PubMed Central	1851923	Osburn WO, Wakabayashi N, Misra V, Nilles T, Biswal S, Trush MA, Kensler TW; Nrf2 regulates an adaptive response protecting against oxidative damage following diquat-mediated formation of superoxide anion.; 2006 Oct 1; <i>Arch Biochem Biophys</i> ; 454; 1; 7-15; 5 R01 CA094076-04; 5 R01 CA094076-05	View in PMC View in NIHMS

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Manual entries can be added to Profile; not uploaded to NIHMS.



eSNAP - Upload Science

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Articles published in the Journals identified at this site, http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit_process_journals.htm, are submitted directly to PMC by the publisher without author involvement. Articles not published in these Journals must be submitted to PMC by the investigator (or delegate or publisher), through the [NIH Manuscript Submission](#) (NIHMS) system.

The publications listed below are pulled from NIHMS (source identified as NIHMS or PubMed Central) and the Publications section of the Personal Profile (source identified as PD/PI Entered). Additional citations added through the "Publication Information" section of this screen will be added to Publications in your Profile, but will not be sent to NIHMS.

* indicates required field

Name: PI Name **Grant Number:** 5R01CA094076-08
Grantee Institution: Institution

Files	File Name	Date Created	Status	
Progress Report File: *	CA94076-07 non-competing renewal summary.doc	07/15/2008	COMPLETED	<input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Remove"/>
Research Accomplishments File: Use this section to provide summary bullets of science highlights and other significant changes.			NOT UPLOADED	<input type="button" value="Import"/>
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Publication Information

Citation ID:

Citation Text:*

NIH Manuscript Submission System Status: AVAILABLE

Status of connection to NIHMS.

Publications	Associate with this eSNAP	Citation Source	Citation ID	Citation Text
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		PD/PI Entered	PMCID18287083	Pearson, K.J., Lewis, K.N., Price, N.L., Chang, J.W., Perez, E., Cascajo, M.V., Tamashiro, K.L., Poosala, S., Bell, J.B., Kensler, T.W., Yamamoto, M., Egan, J.M., Longo, D.L., Ingram, D.K., Navas, P. and de Cabo, R. (2008) Nr2 mediates cancer protection but not longevity by caloric restriction. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 105: 2325-2330.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		PD/PI Entered	PMCID18542053	Reddy, N.M., Kleeberger, S.R., Bream, J.H., Fallon, P.G., Kensler, T.W., Yamamoto, M., and Reddy, S.P. (2008) Genetic disruption of Nr2 compromises cell-cycle progression by impairing GSH-induced redox signaling. Oncogene, in press.
<input type="checkbox"/>		NIHMS	47051	William O. Osburn, Melinda S. Yates, Patrick D. Dolan, Karen T. Liby, Michael B. Sporn, Keiko Taguchi, Masayuki Yamamoto, Thomas W. Kensler; Genetic or pharmacologic amplification of nr2 signaling inhibits acute inflammatory liver injury in mice.; Toxicological sciences : an official journal of the Society of Toxicology;
<input type="checkbox"/>		NIHMS	63280	Role of dietary supplements/nutraceuticals in chemoprevention through induction of cytoprotective enzymes.; Chemical research in toxicology;
<input type="checkbox"/>		PubMed Central	1851923	Osburn WO, Wakabayashi N, Misra V, Nilles T, Biswal S, Trush MA, Kensler TW; Nr2 regulates an adaptive response protecting against oxidative damage following diquat-mediated formation of superoxide anion.; 2006 Oct 1; Arch Biochem Biophys; 454; 1; 7-15; 5 R01 CA094076-04; 5 R01 CA094076-05

PI responsible for *Upload Science* section of eSNAP.

Public Access reminder and notes.

•Users can manually enter citations within eSNAP.
•Manual entries saved in Publications section of Profile.

•Information for PI and Multi-PI's is pulled from NIHMS and manual Profile Publication entries.
•Updated in real time until submitted.
•User selects items to include in report.



Part II - Appendix- overview of instructions

Competing Applications

Submission Format	New Application	Renewal (in addition to requirements for new applications)	Biographical Sketch
SF 424 (R&R)	Provide in Item 8 (Bibliography & References Cited) of the R&R Other Project Information a bibliography of any references cited in the Project Narrative.	List publications, manuscripts accepted for publication and other printed materials that resulted from the project since last reviewed competitively in the Progress Report Publication List of the Research Plan	Provide selected peer-reviewed publications or manuscripts in press in Section B of the Biographical Sketch upload of the R&R Senior/Key Person Profile.
SF 424 (R&R) SBIR	Provide in Item 8 (Bibliography & References Cited) of the R&R Other Project Information a bibliography of any references cited in the Project Narrative.	Phase II applicants only should list the titles and complete references to all appropriate publications, manuscripts accepted for publication, and other printed materials, if any, that resulted from the Phase I effort, in the Progress Report Publication List of the Research Plan.	Provide selected peer-reviewed publications or manuscripts in press in Section B of the Biographical Sketch upload of the R&R Senior/Key Person Profile.





Competing Applications, Continued

Submission Format	New Application	Renewal (in addition to requirements for new applications)	Biographical Sketch
PHS 398	Provide in the Bibliography and References Cited section of the Research Plan , a bibliography of any references cited in the Project Summary and Relevance section on Form Page 2.	Provide in the Progress Report Publication List of the Research Plan , a list of publications, manuscripts accepted for publication and other printed materials that resulted from the project since last reviewed competitively.	Provide selected peer-reviewed publications or manuscripts in press in the Biographical Sketch .
PHS 398 Career Development Award Application (CDA)	Provide in the Bibliography and References Cited section of the Research Plan , a bibliography of any references cited in the Project Summary and Relevance section on Form Page 2.	Provide in the Progress Report Publication List of the Research Plan , a list of publications, manuscripts accepted for publication and other printed materials that resulted from the project since last reviewed competitively.	List all publications in the Biographical Sketch . Identify publications in the Biographical Sketch with a double asterisk if published during the previous period of support.





Competing Applications, Continued

Submission Format	New Application	Renewal (in addition to requirements for new applications)	Biographical Sketch
PHS 398 Training Application	Provide papers authored by trainees or potential trainees in Table 6 (Publications of Research completed by Trainees).	Update Table 6 with publications of trainees through the time that they complete their training. Refer to instructions in 398, Part II, 8.9.6.	List Program Director publications in the Biographical Sketch .
PHS 416-1 Individual Fellowship Application	Reference applicable publications in the Research Training Plan under C. Preliminary Studies.	Reference appropriate publications in the Research Training Plan under C. Preliminary Studies, Progress Report for Competing Continuation Applications.	List pertinent publications in Section B of the Applicant/Fellow Biographical Sketch.





Noncompeting Continuation Progress Reports

Noncompeting Continuation Progress Reports

PHS 2590	Report publications resulting directly from the grant that have not previously been reported, on Form Page 5 under a subheading E. Publications.
PHS 2590 CDA	Report publications resulting directly from the grant that have not previously been reported, on Form Page 5 under a subheading E. Publications.
PHS 2590 Institutional Training Grant	List all trainee publications not previously reported, including those by former trainees still in research training, on Form Page 5, under C. Trainees.
eSNAP	<p>When an eRA Commons eSNAP is initiated, a list of publications is automatically pulled into the Upload Science screen, for potential inclusion in the progress report, from two sources. First, eRA Commons pulls citations from the NIH Manuscript Submission system (including the appropriate PMCID and NIHMSIDs) that can be attributed to any PD/PI identified on the Notice of Award. Second, the list contains all manual entries from the Publications section of all PDs/Pis Personal Profiles. These manual entries are displayed with the Citation Source of "PD/PI Entered" both within the eSNAP and within the Publications section of the user's Personal Profile.</p> <p>Users must carefully review the publication list and "check" the checkbox of all citations to be associated with the report. The eSNAP user also has the option to manually add additional citations from within eSNAP. When manually entering citations, users should include the appropriate identifier as described above under Demonstrating Compliance. It is important to verify that the NIH Manuscript Submission System Status shows "AVAILABLE" on the Upload Science page when preparing and submitting the eSNAP report to ensure that all appropriate citation information is included in the report.</p>
PHS 416-9 Individual Fellowship	List publications on Form Page 2 under 17.B. Progress.





Guide Notice – Final Progress Reports

Final Progress Reports

<p>Prepare report in accord with instructions provided by awarding component.</p>	<p>Include a list of publications resulting from the project, with plans, if any, for further publications. See http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-05-051.html.</p>
<p>PHS 416-7 NRSA Termination Notice (trainees and fellows)</p>	<p>List any publications resulting from research during the period of the training in block 8 on form 416-7.</p>

